## IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 1, line 27 through page 2, line 7, with the following:

We have discovered that the heated and pressurized glutinized raw material and the extruder die head, which usually comprises a stator in the form of a heavy solid metal article made of thermally conductive metal, tend to approach a common equilibrium temperature during operation of the extruder machine. Because of the bulk and the weight of the extruder head stator, it tends to form a heat sink so that it's its retained temperature definitely affects the temperature of the material extruding through the extruder die head gap. If retained thermal energy is at too high a level, the bulk density of the final product will be adversely affected.

Please replace the paragraph on page 5, lines 7-12, with the following:

As in the extruder referred to in U.S. Pat. No. 6,210,727 6,210,727, the raw material is processed by being extruded through an adjustable die head gap, also under the control of the PLC 19. The extruded material is then discharged as a formed final product to a take-away conveyor 21 driven by a conveyor motor 22 through a conveyor reducer 23.

Please replace the paragraph on page 5, lines 13-22, with the following: As in U.S. Pat. No. 6,210,127 6,210,727, the formed product is discharged continuously onto the take-away conveyor 21 which forms a downstream component of the processing stream. The take-away conveyor 21 is reversible and the machine as described has an automatic start-up. The PLC 19 prepares raw material, adjusts the head gap, feeds the raw material, controls the gross temperature of the material and reverses the discharge belt of the take-away conveyor 21 so irregular product is caught in a waste bin 24.